

THE IMPORTANCE OF BIOSECURITY IN ANIMAL HEALTH PROTECTION

Prof. Jeroen Dewulf

Bio-what ?

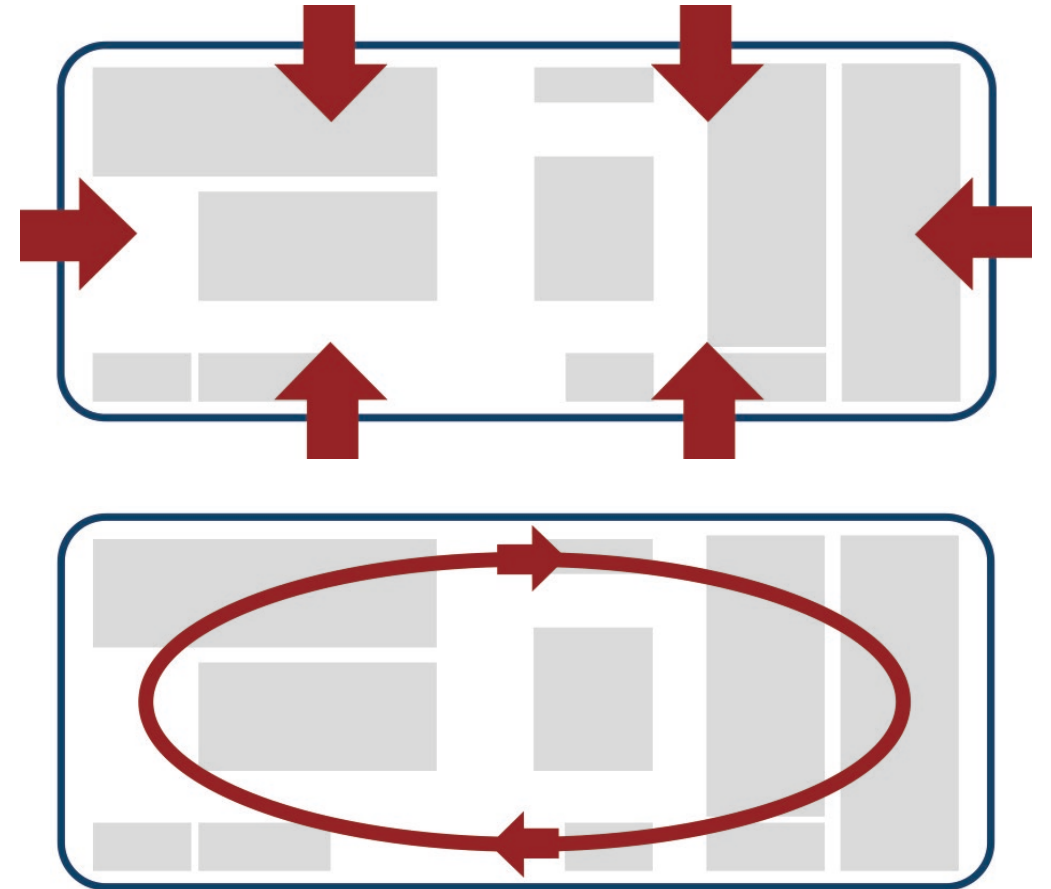
BIOSECURITY =

The application of a set of **management, behavioural and physical** measures designed to reduce the risk of **introduction, establishment and spread** of pathogenic agents **to, within and from** an animal population.



EXTERNAL biosecurity
= reduce introduction

INTERNAL biosecurity
= reduce spread

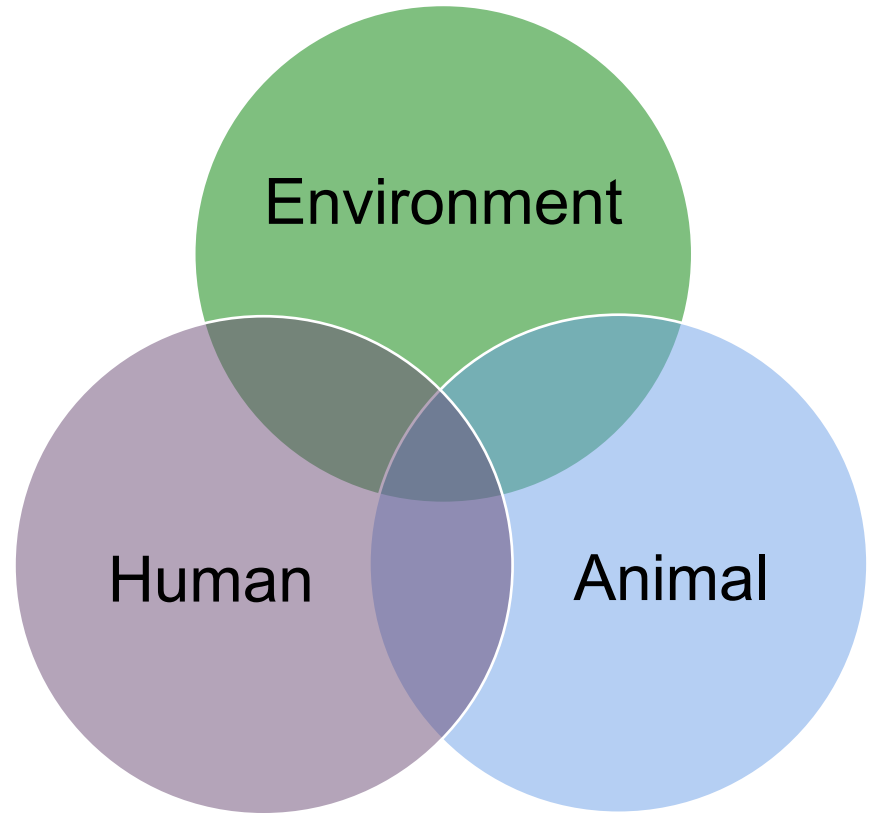


WHAT IS BIOSECURITY?

Animal ↔ Animal

Human ↔ Animal

One Health



BIOSECURITY is (should be) the basis of any disease control program



Is biosecurity important?

Epidemic diseases

Endemic and zoonotic diseases

Sustainability

Reduction of antimicrobial use

**Biosecurity helps to address of
all of these challenges**

Is biosecurity important?

FAO Report Clears Path to Food Security, climate solutions for animal ag

PATHWAYS TOWARDS LOWER EMISSIONS

There will be a **20 percent increase in demand for animal-source foods by the year 2050** which will increase emissions from livestock production from present level of 6 gigatons to 9.1 gigatons of CO₂eq.



According to the FAO, **increasing productivity** has potential to reduce projected sector emissions by 20 percent by 2050.

Feed and nutrition improvements have a reduction potential of 12 percent.



Improved animal health have a reduction potential of 10 percent.

1. <https://openknowledge.fao.org/server/api/core/bitstreams/a06a30d3-6e9d-4e9c-b4b7-29a6cc307208/content>

Is biosecurity important?

Epidemic diseases

Endemic and zoonotic diseases

Sustainability

Reduction of antimicrobial use

**Biosecurity helps to address of
all of these challenges**



Codes and Manuals

Our Terrestrial and Aquatic Animal Health Codes provide standards for the improvement of animal health and welfare and veterinary public health worldwide, including through standards for safe international trade in terrestrial and aquatic animals and their products.

DRAAFT

SECTION 4.

DISEASE PREVENTION AND CONTROL

CHAPTER 4.X.

BIOSECURITY

DRAAFT

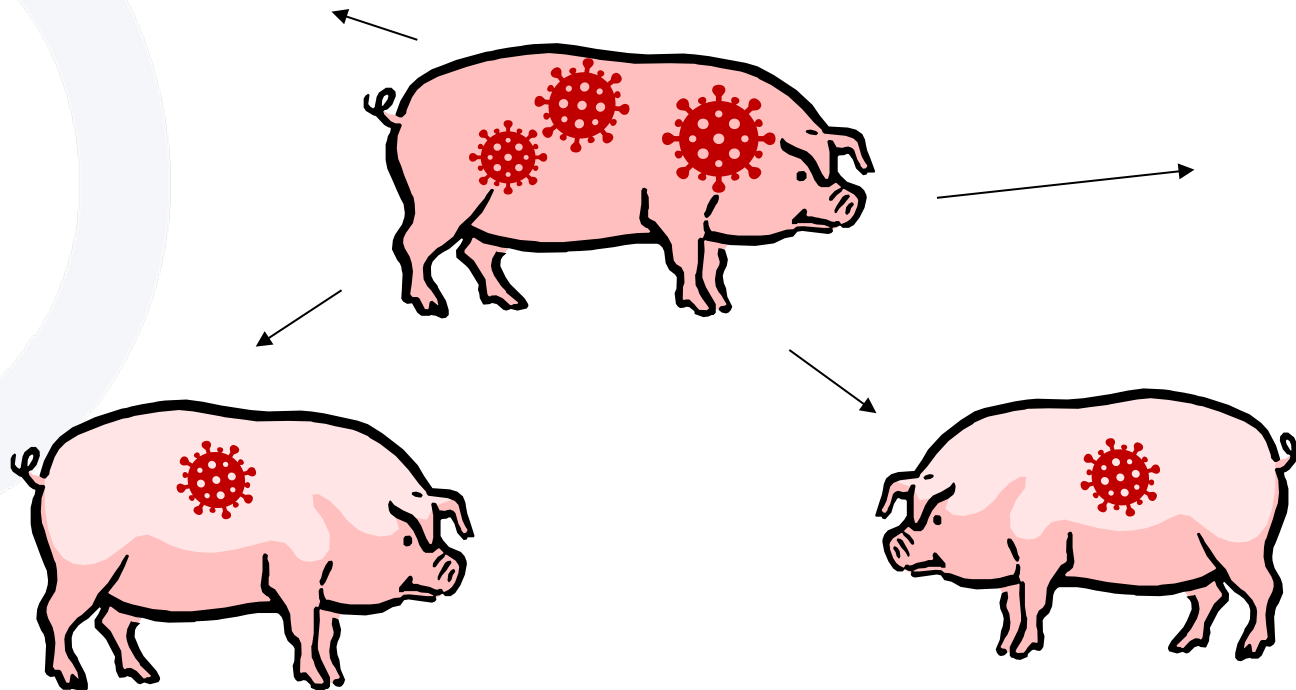


Principles of biosecurity

PRINCIPLES OF BIOSECURITY

1) Separation of infectious and susceptible animals

→ avoid **direct** contact!



PRINCIPLES OF BIOSECURITY

1) Separation of infectious and susceptible animals

→ avoid **indirect** contact!



PRINCIPLES OF BIOSECURITY



CLEAN
(susceptible animals)

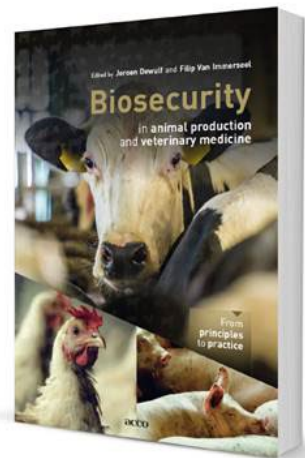
MEASURES

DIRTY
(direct and indirect
sources of infection)

- Dependent upon herd situation (status, type,...)
- Perform well and consequent

	Direct contact	Indirect contact									
		People	Semen	Manure	Domestic/feral animals	Rodents	Insects (Vectors)	Aerosol	Animal feed	Water	Fomites
Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae	X				X			X		X	X
Bordetella bronchiseptica	X				X	X	X	X		X	X
Brachyspira hyodysenteriae	X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X	X
Brucella suis	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X		
Classical swine fever virus	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X		X
Clostridium perfringens	X			X			X	X		X	X
Erysipelothrix rhusiopathiae*	X			X	X	X			X	X	X
Escherichia coli	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Foot-and-mouth disease virus	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X
Haemophilus parasuis*	X				X						
Lawsonia intracellularis*	X			X	X	X	X				X
Leptospires	X	X	X		X	X				X	
Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae	X	X			X			X		X	X
Pasteurella multocida	X	X		X	X			X		X	X
Porcine circovirus type 2*	X		X	X	X	X	X		X	X	

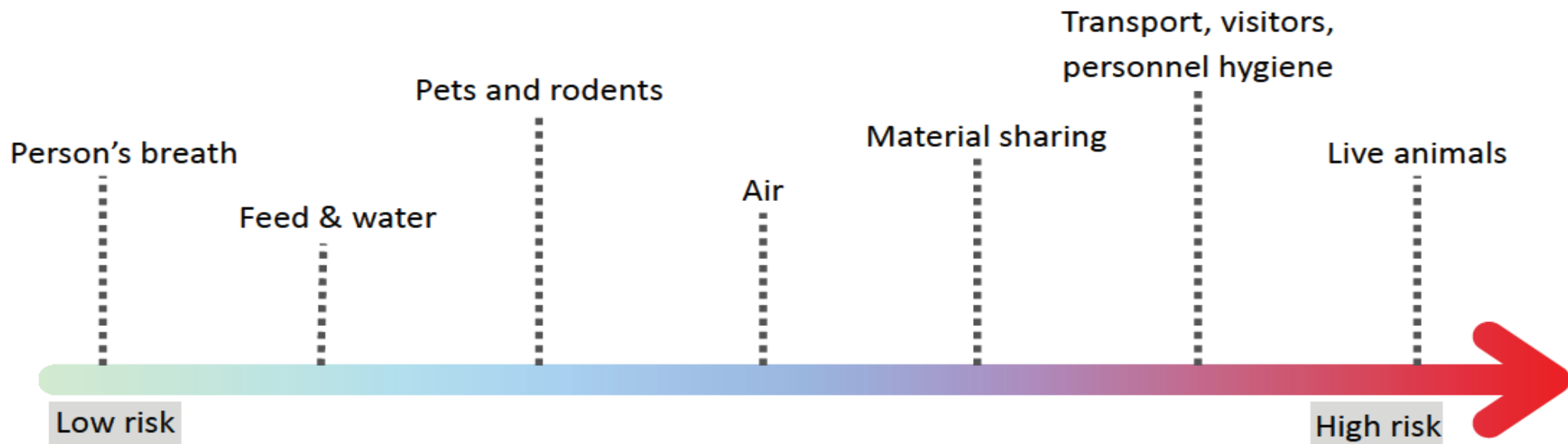
	Direct contact	Indirect contact									
		People	Semen	Manure	Domestic/feral animals	Rodents	Insects (Vectors)	Aerosol	Animal feed	Water	Fomites
Porcine Epidemic diarrhea virus*	X	X		X	X			X	X		X
Porcine parvovirus	X		X	X	X	X				X	X
Porcine Reproductive and Respiratory Syndrome virus	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Pseudorabies virus	X		X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
Salmonella spp.	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Streptococcus suis	X	X		X	X		X	X		X	X
Swine influenza virus	X	X		X	X			X			
Swine vesicular disease virus	X	X	X	X	X			X	X		X
Transmissible gastroenteritis virus	X	X		X	X		X				X



Biosecurity in animal practice and Veterinary Medicine., 2018

PRINCIPLES OF BIOSECURITY

2. Not every measure is equally important

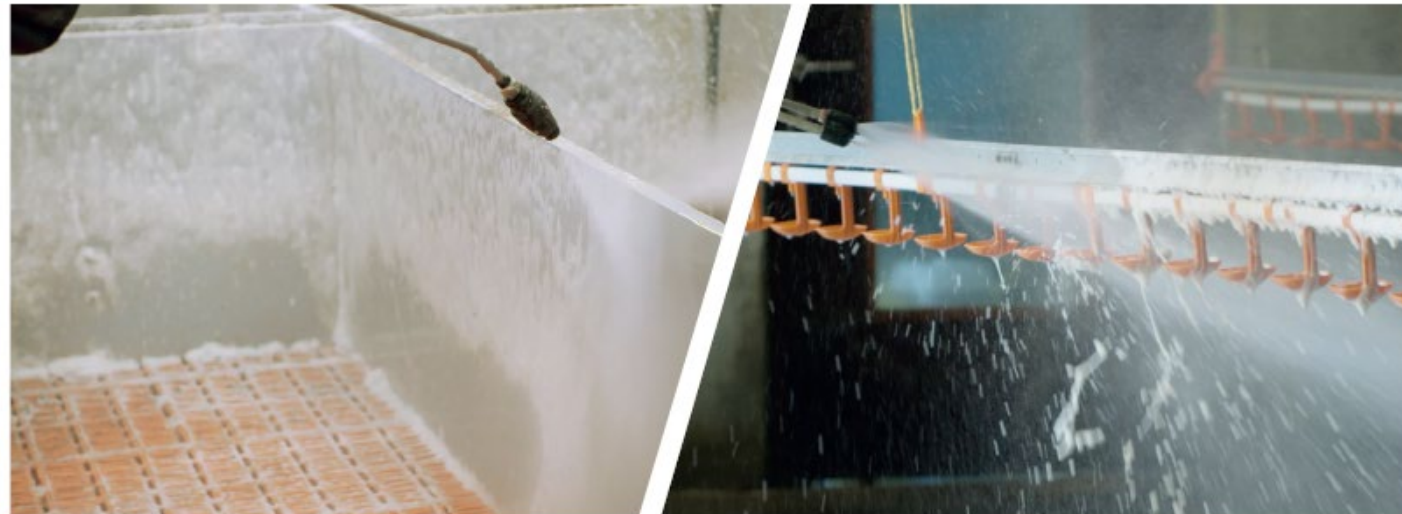


After Boklund et al., 2008

PRINCIPLES OF BIOSECURITY

3) Reduction of the general infection pressure

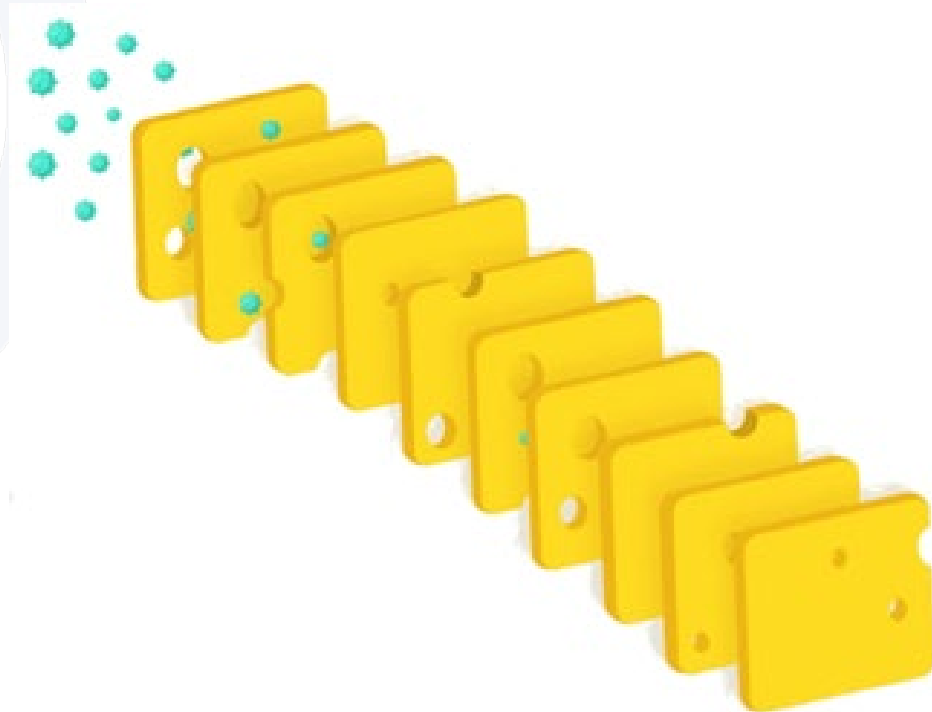
→ breaking the infection cycle, reducing the burden on the immune system↓



PRINCIPLES OF BIOSECURITY

3) Reduction of the general infection pressure

→ breaking the infection cycle, reducing the burden on the immune system↓



PRINCIPLES OF BIOSECURITY

Where are biosecurity measures most important?

- A. Large herds
- B. Small herds
- C. Independent of herd size

PRINCIPLES OF BIOSECURITY

4) Size matters



PRINCIPLES OF BIOSECURITY

5. Frequency does matter

‘Thousand times a small chance becomes a large chance’

PRINCIPLES OF BIOSECURITY

Assume that the risk of disease introduction to your herd through feed delivery is 1 out of 1000, and the feed delivery truck comes weekly.

What is the annual risk?

A. 0,5%

B. 5%

C. 50%

PRINCIPLES OF BIOSECURITY

5. Frequency matters

- ‘Thousand times a small chance becomes a large chance’
 - Risk transmission route (p)
 - **Frequency transmission route (n)**
- $P = 1 - (1-p)^n$
 - p= 0.1% (1 out of 1000)
 - n= 52 (e.g. weekly)
 - **5,06% = $1 - (1-0.001)^{52}$**

THE 5 PRINCIPLES OF BIOSECURITY

1. Separate infectious and susceptible animals
2. Not every measure is equally important
3. Reduce the general infection pressure
4. Size matters
5. Frequency matters

BIOSECURITY AND ITS LINK WITH ANIMAL HEALTH & PRODUCTION

IMPACT OF BIOSECURITY – PRODUCTION



“It is health that is real wealth and
not pieces of gold and silver.”

- Mahatma Gandhi -



antibiotics



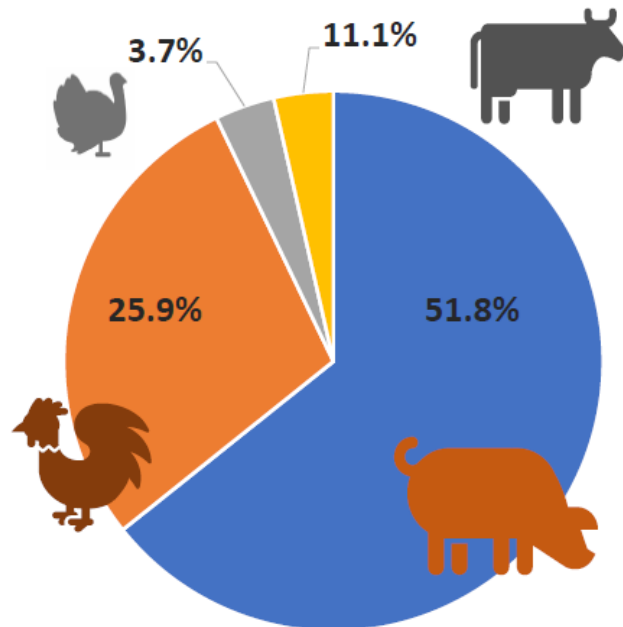
Review

Can improved farm biosecurity reduce the need for antimicrobials in food animals? A Scoping Review

Pankaj Dhaka ^{1,2,*}, Ilias Chantziaras ^{1,*}, Deepthi Vijay ³, Jasbir Singh Bedi ², Iryna Makovska ¹, Evelien Biebaut ¹ and Jeroen Dewulf ¹

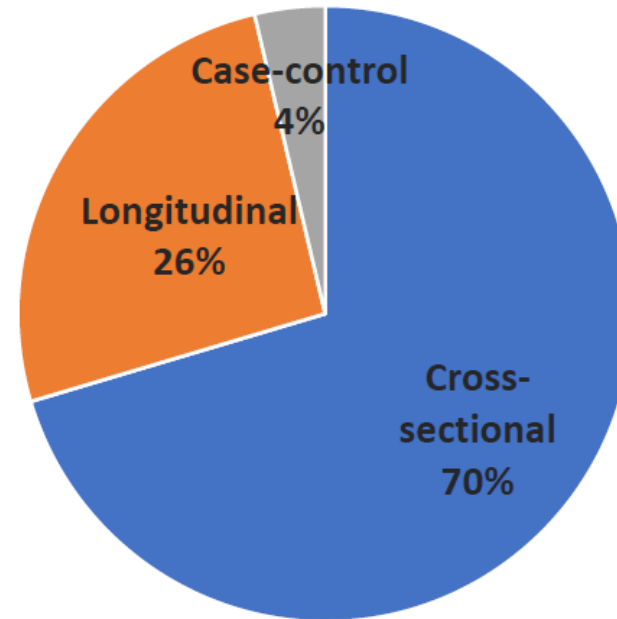
IMPACT OF BIOSECURITY

Species distribution



Two studies included both pigs and poultry farms

Study types



IMPACT OF BIOSECURITY

Association between farm biosecurity and AMU



- 51.8% (14/27) studies
↑ farm biosecurity : ↓ AMU
- 18.5% (5/27) studies
↑ farm management : ↓ AMU
- 2 studies
↑ coaching & awareness: ↓ AMU
- 1 study
↑ biosecurity : ↓ AMU : ↑ farm economics

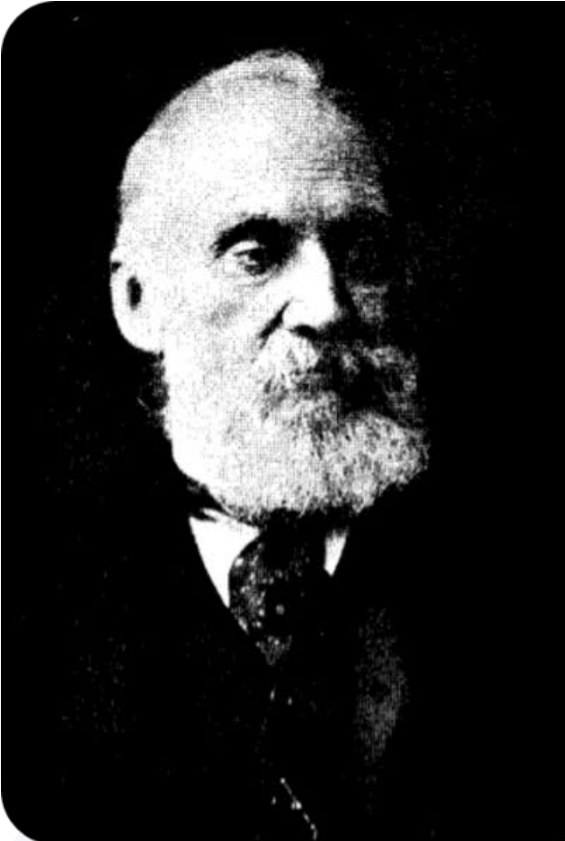


5 studies: farm biosecurity & AMU → Uncertain or spurious association

Biosecurity **is** important!

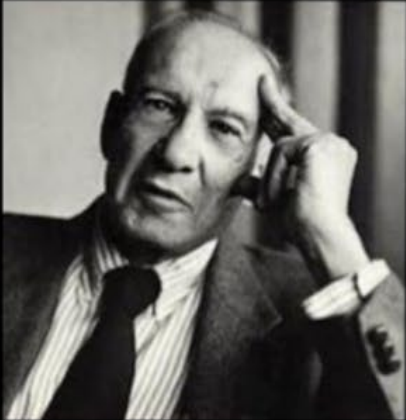
Yet...

- Big differences exist between farming systems and countries
- Many of the biosecurity measures are insufficiently evidence based
- Biosecurity is insufficiently included in veterinary education
- Big differences exist between farmers expectations and veterinary delivery



If You Can't
Measure It,
You Can't
Improve It

(William Thomson, Lord Kelvin)



“If you can't
measure it,
you can't
manage it”

Peter Drucker



Keeping healthy animals healthy!

Biocheck.UGent is a scientific risk-based and independent scoring system to evaluate the quality of your on-farm biosecurity.

Quantify your biosecurity level right now!

BIOCHECK.UGENT

Platform to help increase biosecurity levels

Data-driven recommendations

With the goal to keeping healthy animals healthy

www.biocheckgent.com



Select a biosecurity tool



Pig

Make a choice

- Pigs indoor - Preferred
- Pigs outdoor
- Pig backyard/small-scale

SRS



Poultry

Make a choice

- Broilers
- Laying hens
- Free range broilers
- Free range layers
- Breeders
- Ducks
- Turkeys
- Poultry backyard/small-scale



Cattle

Make a choice

- Veal calves
- Dairy cattle
- Beef cattle



Small ruminants

Make a choice

- Small ruminants dairy

ik Gertwit at nonsej)lay vMx
z-kewzleyt croetic altier mevidu



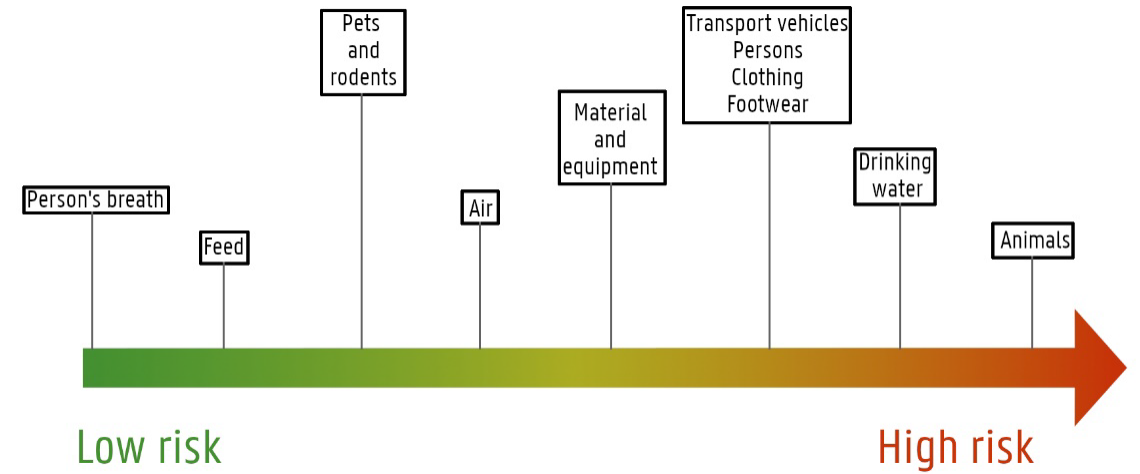
Transport

Make a choice

- Transport of live animals - PART 1 vehicle and driver
- Transport of live animals - PART 2 cleaning and disinfection

BIOCHECK.UGENT

Risk based scoring system



Weighted scores

Based on scientific research

Risk for transmission: direct vs. indirect contact

www.biocheckgent.com





ID: 20388/691653/v2_1/F

Entry date: 2019-03-10 13:22:08

Identification:

PIG

Nr	Description	Score	Country average	Global average
<i>External biosecurity</i>				
A	<u>Purchase of animals and semen</u>	100 %	88 %	89 %
B	<u>Transport of animals, removal of manure and dead animals</u>	41 %	70 %	70 %
C	<u>Feed, water and equipment supply</u>	27 %	38 %	50 %
D	<u>Personnel and visitors</u>	41 %	64 %	68 %
E	<u>Vermin and bird control</u>	50 %	64 %	67 %
F	<u>Environment and region</u>	60 %	53 %	64 %
Subtotal External biosecurity:		57 %	66 %	70 %
<i>Internal biosecurity</i>				
A	<u>Disease management</u>	40 %	56 %	67 %
B	<u>Farrowing and suckling period</u>	64 %	59 %	56 %
C	<u>Nursery unit</u>	36 %	65 %	66 %
D	<u>Fattening unit</u>	N/A	72 %	67 %
E	<u>Measures between compartments and the use of equipment</u>	39 %	44 %	48 %
F	<u>Cleaning and disinfection</u>	20 %	48 %	59 %
Subtotal Internal biosecurity:		38 %	55 %	58 %
Total:		48 %	61 %	64 %

N/A = Not applicable



Biosecurity Assessment Report

Pigs_4.0_EN · HEUV92026 · NL

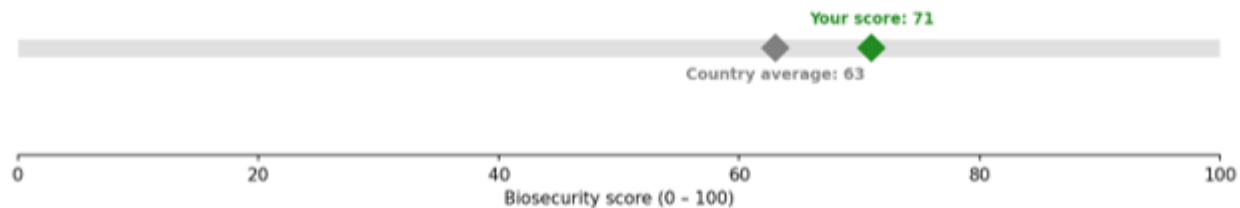
Generated on 15 May 2026

Executive Summary

The farm demonstrates strong performance in external biosecurity, particularly in the purchase of breeding pigs and feed supply, achieving top scores in these areas. However, there are notable risks in disease management and the farrowing and suckling period, indicating a need for targeted improvements to enhance overall biosecurity practices.

- **Schedule annual disease evaluations;** arrange yearly assessments with a veterinarian to review treatment plans and compliance with current practices, ensuring effective disease management.
- **Limit cross-fostering of piglets;** restrict cross-fostering to the first 48 hours after birth to minimize pathogen transmission and document all instances for monitoring.
- **Improve cleaning protocols;** implement a seven-step cleaning and disinfection protocol for all pens after each production cycle to enhance hygiene and reduce disease risks.

Overall biosecurity performance



Treat the recommendations as a stepwise plan — adopt a few, embed them, then move on. Prioritise by disease-transmission risk and by what is realistically within reach. General recommendations sit at the end of the document.



External biosecurity



Purchase of breeding pigs, weaned piglets and semen

Your score: 100/100 · Average: 84/100

You have a perfect score for this section, continue to work in this way.

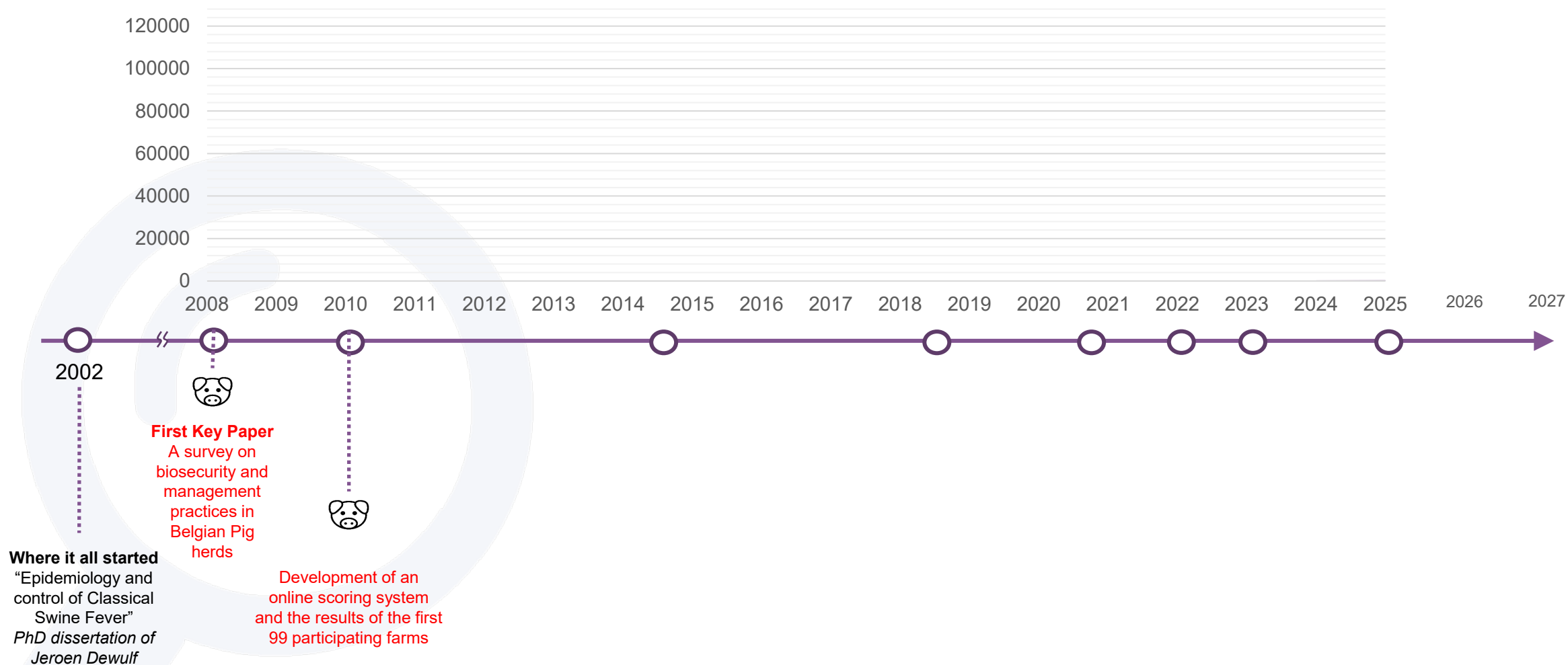
Location of the farm

Your score: 36/100 · Average: 43/100

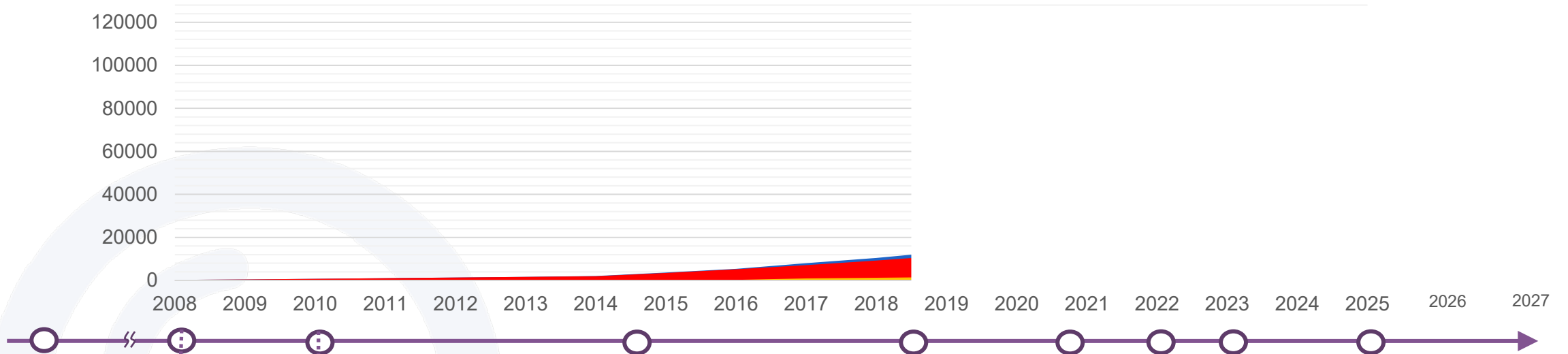
The farm is located in a high-density pig area with neighboring farms nearby, increasing disease transmission risks.

Fencing and wild boar control

- Install wild-boar-proof fences at least 2 meters high and partially buried to a depth of 50 centimeters.
- Schedule monthly inspections of fencing to identify breaches and document findings in a maintenance log.
- Repair any identified breaches within 48 hours and label all repaired sections to track maintenance history.



■ Cumulative ■ pigs ■ poultry ■ beef ■ small ruminants



First Key Paper
A survey on biosecurity and management practices in Belgian Pig herds

Development of an online scoring system and the results of the first 99 participating farms

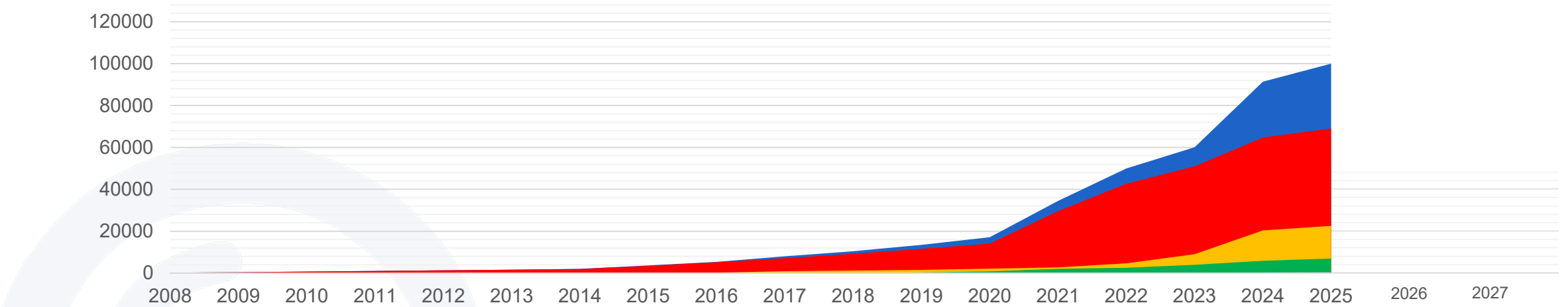
Launch of Biocheck for broiler production

Launch of Biocheck for cattle production

Where it all started
“Epidemiology and control of Classical Swine Fever”
PhD dissertation of Jeroen Dewulf



■ Cumulative ■ pigs ■ poultry ■ beef ■ small ruminants



2002

Where it all started
 "Epidemiology and control of Classical Swine Fever"
 PhD dissertation of Jeroen Dewulf

First Key Paper
 A survey on biosecurity and management practices in Belgian Pig herds

Development of an online scoring system and the results of the first 99 participating farms

Launch of Biocheck for broiler production

Launch of Biocheck for cattle production

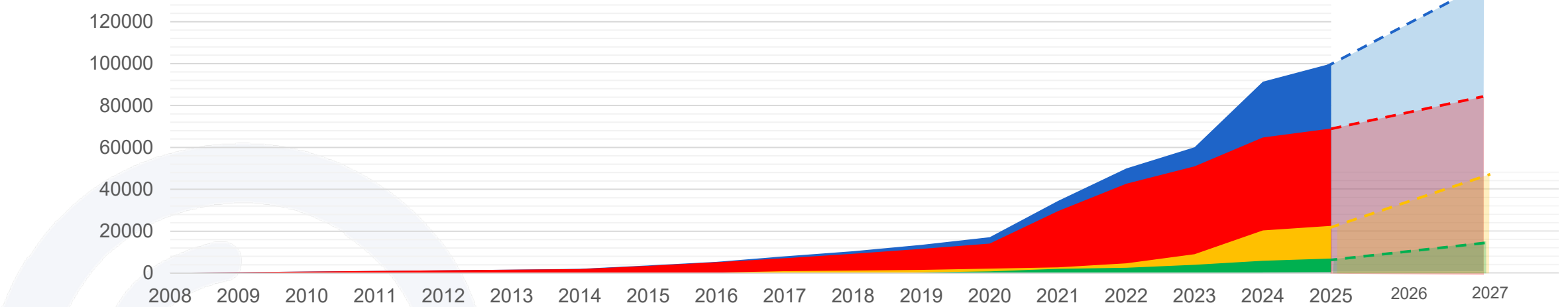
Updated Biocheck.Ugent Website

Launch of Biocheck.Ugent as a company

Explosive growth: 60000+ entries!



■ Cumulative ■ pigs ■ poultry ■ beef ■ small ruminants



2002



First Key Paper
A survey on biosecurity and management practices in Belgian Pig herds



Development of an online scoring system and the results of the first 99 participating farms



Launch of Biocheck for broiler production



Launch of Biocheck for cattle production

Updated Biocheck.Ugent Website

Launch of Biocheck.Ugent as a company

Explosive growth: 60000+ entries!

100 000 entries

Where it all started
"Epidemiology and control of Classical Swine Fever"
PhD dissertation of Jeroen Dewulf



WORLD LARGEST DATABASE ON BIOSECURITY



Pig



Poultry



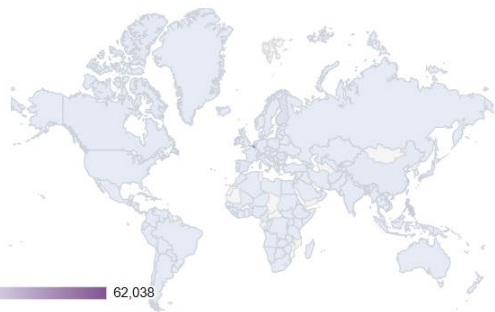
Cattle



Small ruminants



Transport



Worldwide usage of Biocheck.Ugent

The Biocheck.Ugent has already been used 108024 times to improve biosecurity worldwide.

Join them today.

[Worldwide statistics](#) →

National implementation in

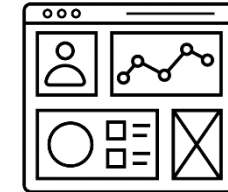
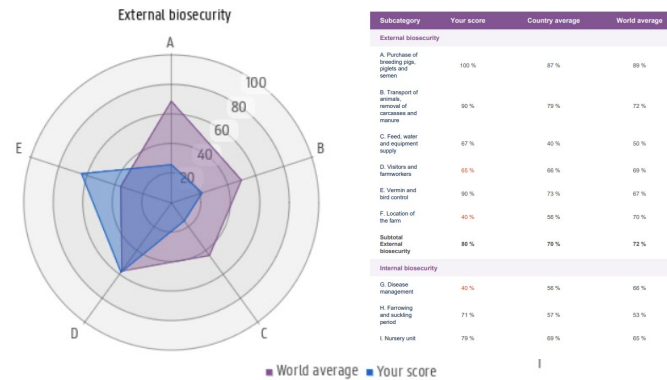
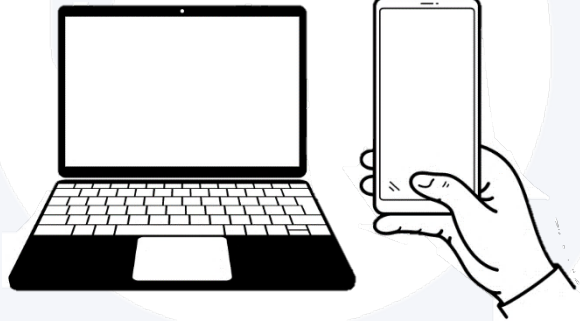
- Belgium (pig, poultry)
- Ireland (pig, poultry)
- Finland (cattle, pig)
- Italy (pig)
- Czech Republic (pig, poultry, cattle)
- Luxemburg (cattle, pig, poultry)
- UK (Pigs)
- Scotland (Pigs)
- ...

BIOCHECK IS A DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM

User input

Comparative scoring

Feedback & coaching

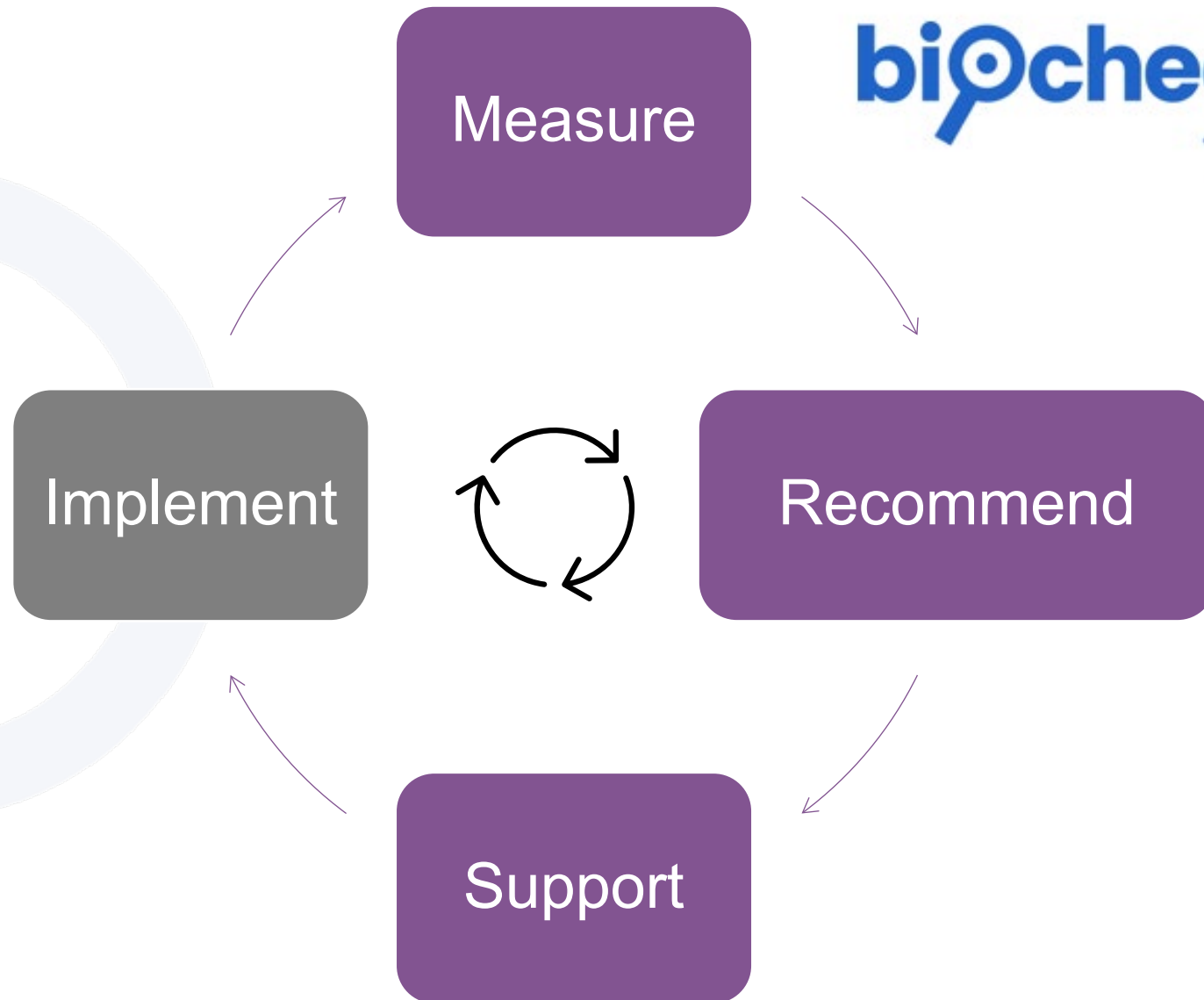


Personalized dashboards



Visualize progress

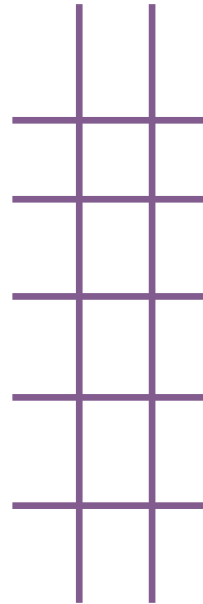
CYCLE OF IMPROVEMENT



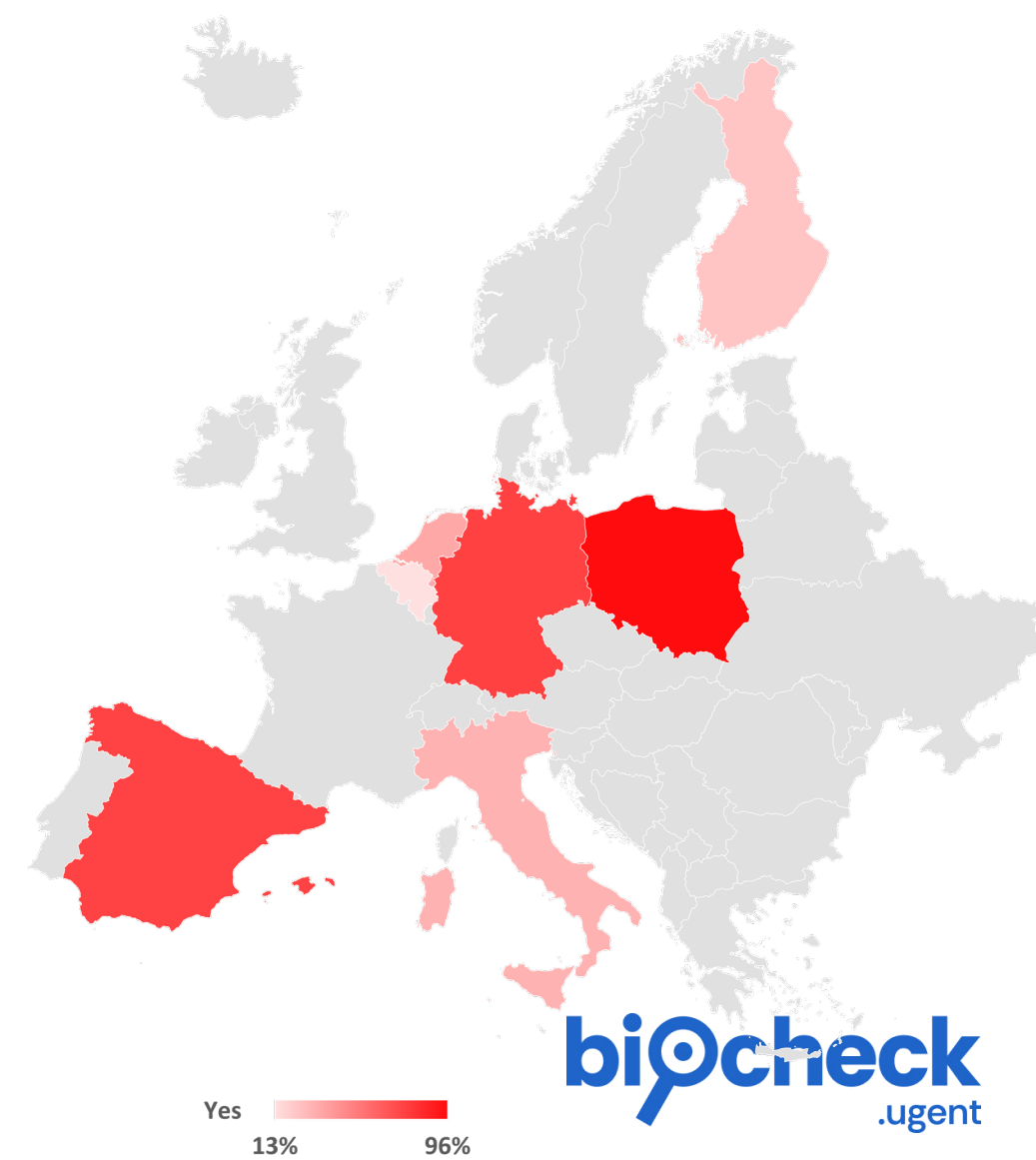
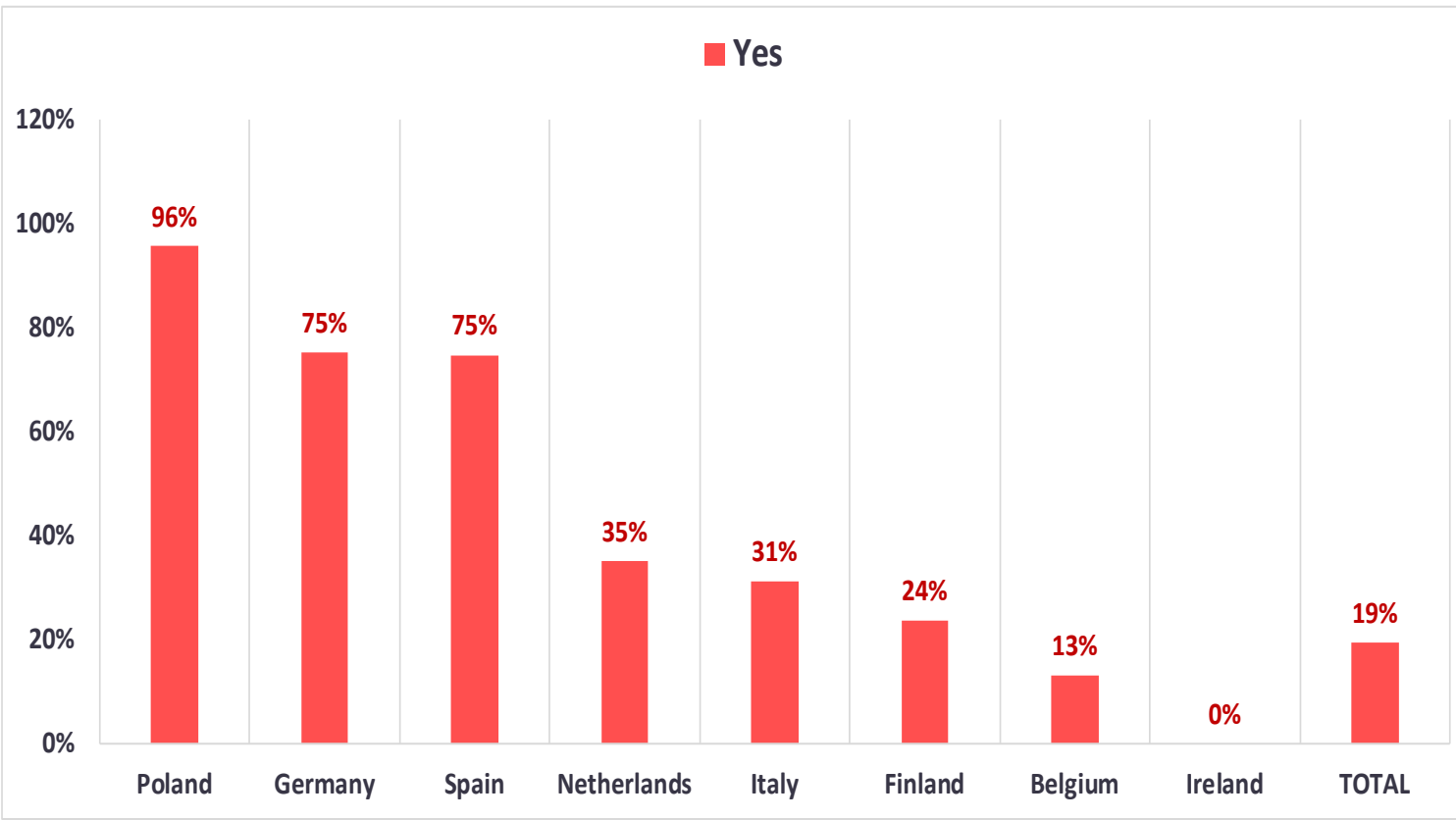
bi@check
.ugent

bi@check
.ugent

1. Have wild boars been spotted within a 10-kilometres radius (6.2 miles) of your farm?



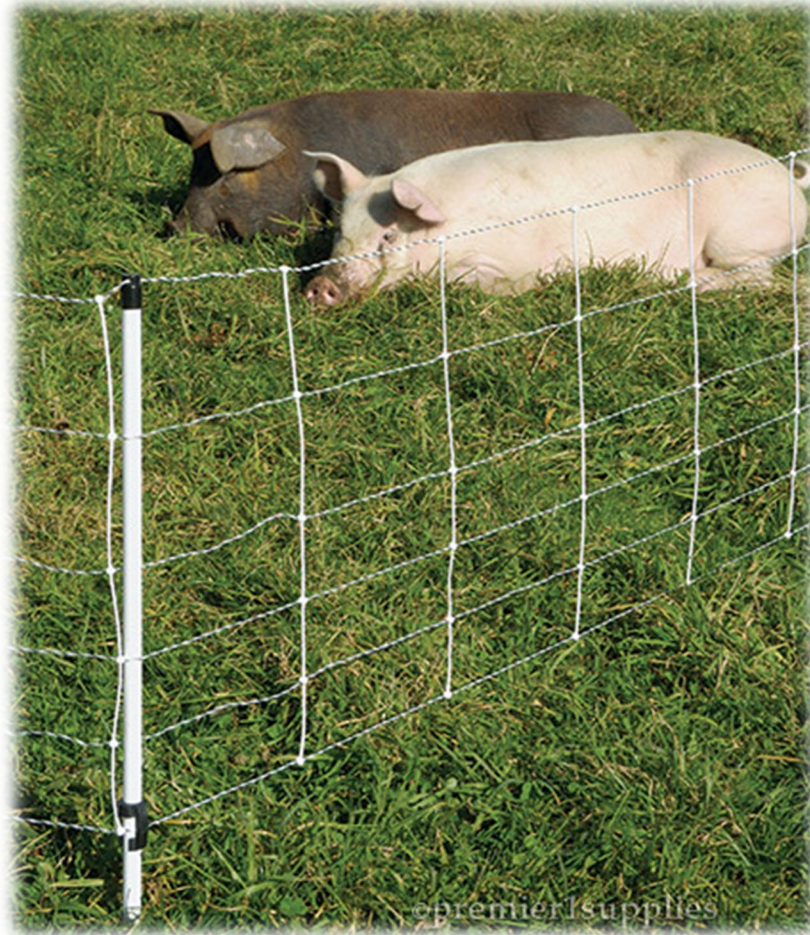
HAVE WILD BOARS BEEN SPOTTED WITHIN A 10-KILOMETRES RADIUS (6.2 MILES) OF YOUR FARM?



2. IS THE FARM ENCLOSED BY FENCES, WIRE, ...?



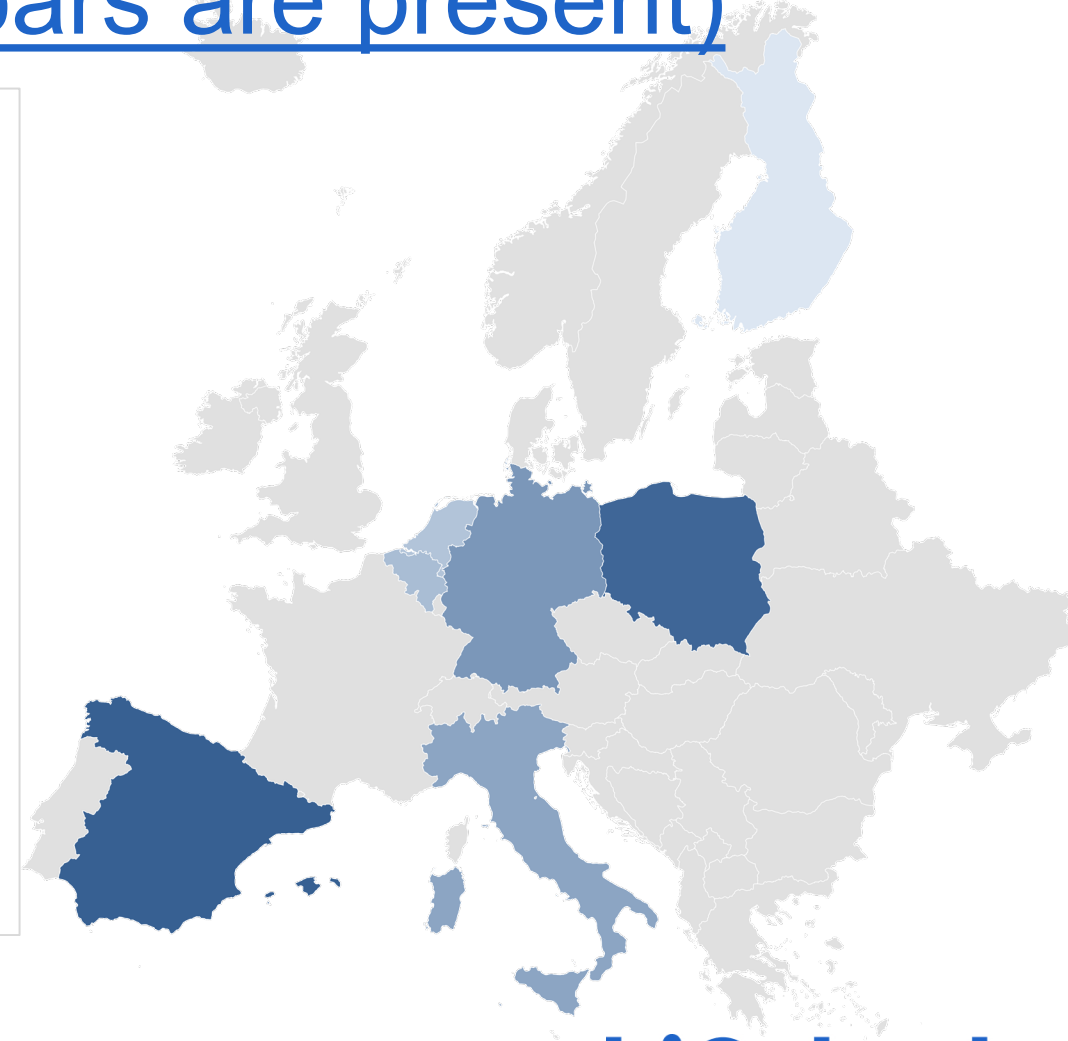
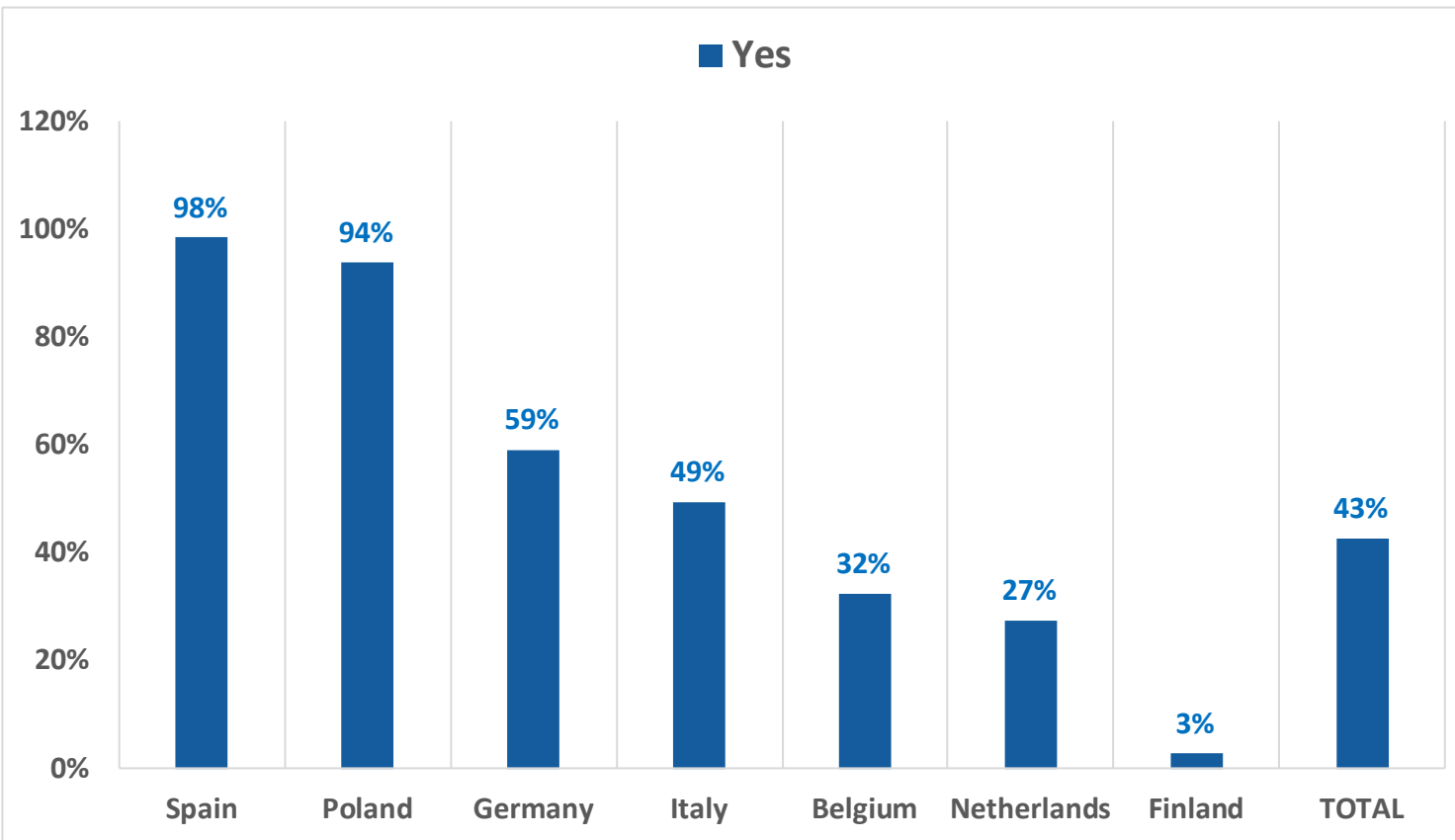
UNIVERSITY



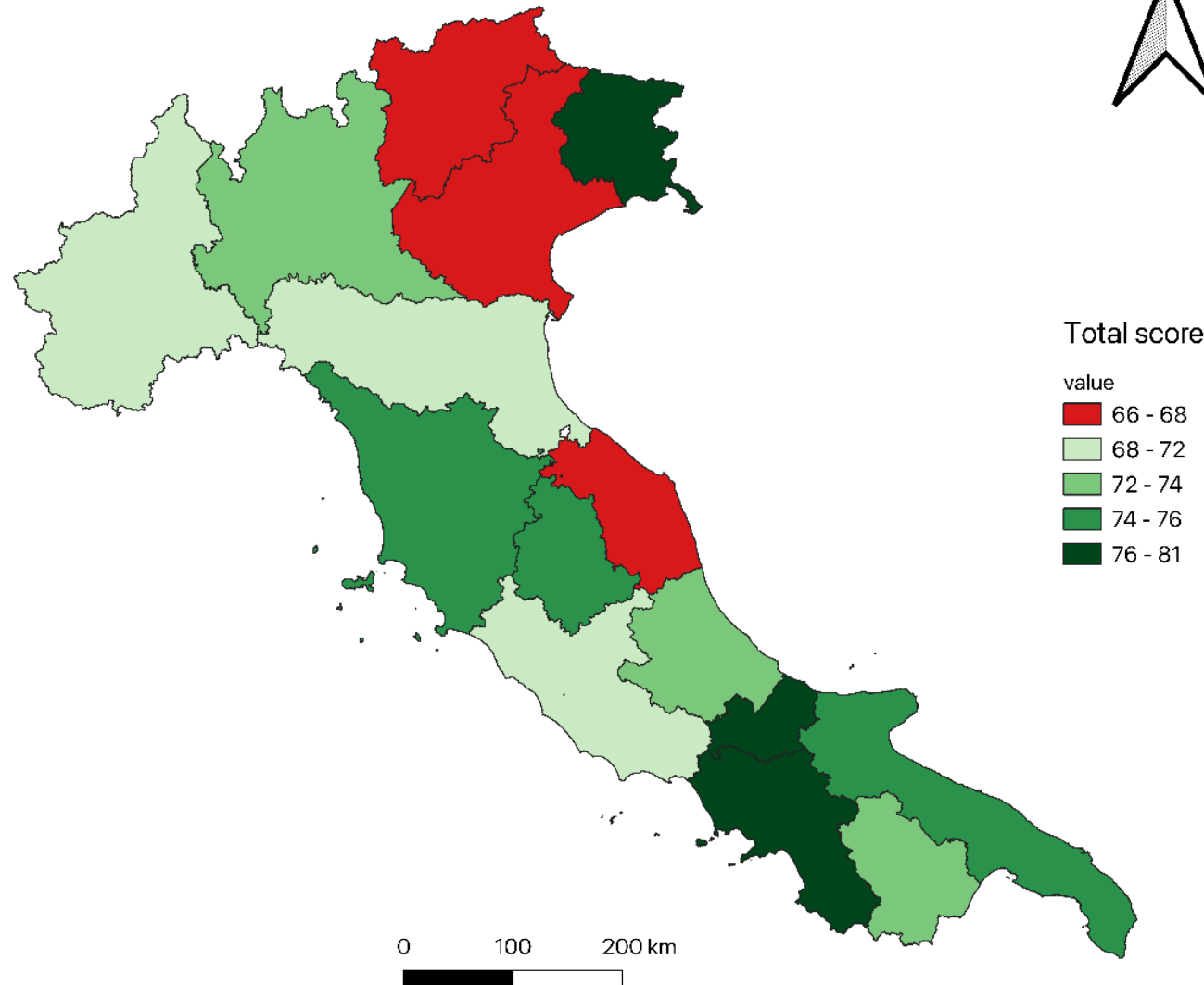
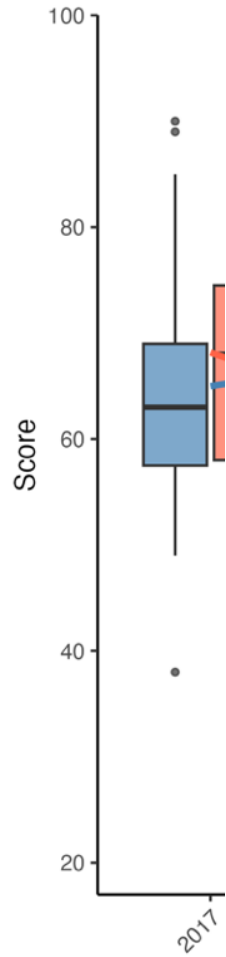
epremier1supplies



2. IS THE FARM ENCLOSED BY FENCES, WIRE, ...? (only answered if wild boars are present)



BIOCHECK.UGENT: ITALY (CLASSYFARM)



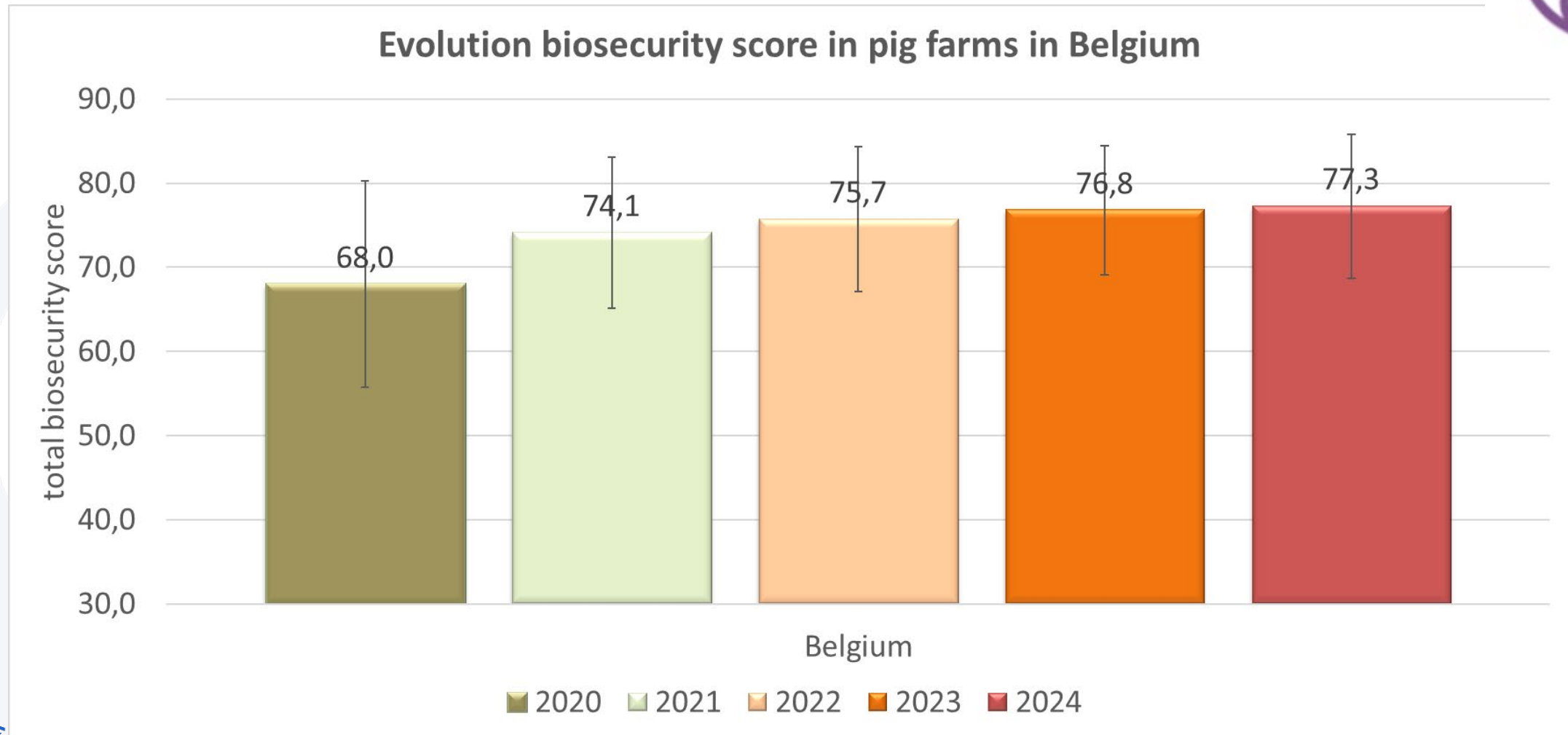
INDIVIDUAL RECOMMENDATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL FARMS

Every farm is unique and requires a tailored approach

Based on the survey input, Biocheck.UGent helps designing individual action plans for specific farms



MEASURABLE INCREASE IN BIOSECURITY SCORE





De app installeren



NIEUWE PODCASTAFLEVERING

#3 Exploring technical tools to ensure biosecurity

BIOSECURE Podcast

1 mrt · 29 min. 20 sec



Beschrijving van aflevering

In this episode, we had **Carlos Piñeiro** CEO of **Animal Data Analytics (ADA)** as our guest. Together, we explore the technical tools that play a crucial role in ensuring biosecurity



Scan me!



**World
Animal
Biosecurity
Association**

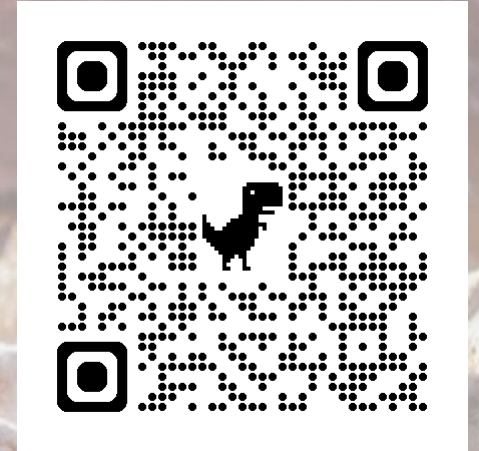
[About](#) [Council](#) [Knowledge base](#) [Sponsors](#) [Membership](#) [Activities](#)

WABA Conference 2026

World Animal Association

Bringing together experts
in animal biosecurity

A promotional poster for the WABA 2026 conference. It features the WABA logo in a white circle on the left. To its right, a larger white circle with a purple dotted border contains the text: "WABA 2026", "World Animal Biosecurity Association", "24 - 26 November", "Handelsbeurs HA", and "Ghent". A red circle with the year "2026" is positioned at the bottom right of the poster. The background of the poster shows a blue sky and a building with a clock tower.



Scan me!

Jeroen Dewulf

Full Professor

FACULTY OF VETERINARY MEDICINE
GHENT UNIVERSITY

E Jeroen.dewulf@ugent.be
biocheck@ugent.be

T +32 9 264 75 43

www.ugent.be



Prof_vet_epi_ugent



Ghent University



@jkdewulf



jkdewulf

www.biocheck.ugent.be